A

A

ARTICLES OF PEACE, ENTERCOVRSE, AND Commerce,

Concluded in the names of the most high and mighty Kings, CHARLES by the grace of God King of *Great Britaine*, *France* and *Ireland*, Defender of the Faith, &c.

And PHILIP the fourth King of *Spaine*, &c.

In a Treaty at *Madrit*, the fift day of Nouember after the old Stile, in the yeere of our Lord God M.DC.XXX.

Translated out of Latine into English.

¶ Imprinted at London by *Robert Barker*, Printer to the Kings most Excellent Maiestie: And by the Assignes of *Iohn Bill*, 1630.

ARTICLES
OF PEACE, EN-
TERCOVRSE, AND
Commerce,

Concluded in the names of the most high and mighty Kings, CHARLES by the grace of God King of Great Britaine, France and Ireland, Defender of the Faith, &c.

And PHILIP the fourth King of Spaine, &c.

In a Treaty at Madrit, the fift day of Nouember after the old Stile, in the yeere of our Lord God M.D.C.XXX.

Translated out of Latine into English.

¶ Imprinted at London by Robert Barker, Printer to the Kings most Excellent Maiestie: And by the Assignes of John Bill. 1630.

¶ By the King.

WHereas it is found meete and expedient, vpon weighty considerations moued to his Maiestie, by the intervention of some of his friends, to lay aside Hostility with the King of Spaine, and so to remoove by faire and peaceable meanes the cause of the warre, which hath bred interruption to the Amity betwixt the two Crownes, vpon assurance giuen his Maiestie hereof by that King, his most Excel-

lent Maiestie hath condescended to renew the ancient Amity, and good intelligence betwixt ȳ two Crowns, their Realmes, Countreys, Dominions, Vassals and Subiects, And doeth accordingly make knowen to all his louing people, that the sayd Peace and Friendship being so established, not onely all Hostilitie and warre is to cease on both sides from hencefoorward, But also the former Trade and Commerce, as it stoode in the vse and obseruance of the Treatie, made by his Maiesties blessed Father, is restored and confirmed betweene the sayd Kings, their Kingdomes, Territories, and Subiects aswell by Land as Sea and Fresh waters.

Which his Maiestie hath thought fit to declare vnto all manner of his Subiects, of whatsoeuer estate they be, strictly charging and commanding them to obserue and accomplish all

all that hereunto belongeth, As it is certainly promised to be published on the side of the King of Spaine, the Date of these Presents.

Giuen at His Maiesties Palace of Westminster, the fift day of December, in the sixt yeere of His Maiesties Reigne.

God saue the King.

HONI SOIT QVI MAL Y PENSE
DIEV · ET · MON · DROIT

¶ The Preface or Introduction to the Treatie with Spaine.

BEcause the present effect and benefit of the reconciliatiõ lately concluded betwixt the Kings most Excellent Maiestie, and the King of *Spaine*, will consist in the renewing and frequenting of a free and open Trade by the Subiects of both Crownes, His Maiestie hath thought it expedient for the better encouragement of the Merchants,

and their direction in the ſaid Commiſſion, to publiſh the Articles of the ſaid Treaty & Peace, being in ſubſtance the ſame with the former Treatie made by his bleſſed Father of glorious memory, Saluing that (beſides what is priuately agreed concerning Forreigne parts) it is prouided both by publique and priuate ſtipulation, that Commiſſioners ſhalbe appointed on either ſide to redreſſe and ſettle all defects and controuerſies in matter of Trade, betwixt the ſubiects of the two Crowns, which is agreed ſhall bee done with all conuenient expedition.

Articles of the Treaty.

First, it is concluded, and accorded, that from this day forward there ſhall bee a good, ſincere, true, firme, and perfect Amitie, League and Peace to endure for ever, and inuiolably to be obſerued and kept,

Articles of

aswell by Land as Sea and Fresh water, betwixt the most renowned King of Great Britaine, France, *and* Ireland, *&c. And the most renowned King of* Spaine, *&c. and their Heires and Successors whomsoeuer, their Kingdoms, Countreys, Dominiõs, Lands, Peoples, Liegemen, and Subiects, now being, or which hereafter shall bee, of whatsoeuer condition, state or degree they are or may be, so as the sayd Vassals, and Subiects from henceforth are each of them to saluour other, and to vse one another with all kinde and friendly Offices.*

II.

II.

AND that from henceforth all Hoſtilitie and Enmitie ſhall ceaſe, and all Offences, Iniuries and Damages which either part in time of the troubles hath ſuſtained by the other, ſhall be taken away and forgotten in ſuch ſort, as that hereafter neither partie againſt the other for and vpon occaſion of any Damages, Offences, Depredations or Spoyles paſt may pretend any matter, but that there ſhall bee a perfect Abolition of all and euery of them vntill this preſent day; And that all actions for the ſame ſhall bee held and re-

puted to bee extinguiſhed, excepting all ſuch Depredations which ſhall bee committed, within the Narrow Seas after the ſpace of fifteene dayes; and betwixt the Narrow Seas and the Iſlands after the ſpace of three Moneths; and beyond the Line after the ſpace of Nine Moneths fully ended, to be reckoned from the Publication of the Peace: Or immediately after the notice of the Peace ſufficiently giuen in the ſaid places, by Authenticall Acts or Letters reſpectiuely to be ſhewen. Becauſe of theſe an account and full reſtitution is to be made. And each partie ſhall hereafter abſtaine

ſtaine from all Depredations, Offences and Spoyles as well by Sea as Land and freſh Waters, in whatſoeuer the Kingdomes, Dominions, Places or Gouernments of the other: Neither ſhall the aforeſaid Kings conſent, that any of the Grieuances before mentioned, be done by any of their Vaſſals, Inhabitants or Subiects: And they ſhall alſo cauſe Reſtitution to be made of all Depredations and Spoyles, which hereafter ſhall bee committed, and of the Damages growing by meanes thereof.

III.

III.

ITem, That none of the forenamed moſt Renowned Kings, their Heires, or Succeſſors whoſoeuer, by himſelfe, or by any others, ſhall Doe, Treate or Attempt any thing againſt the other, or againſt their Kingdomes, Lands or Dominions, whatſoeuer in any place, on Land or Sea, or in the Ports or Freſh Waters, by pretence of any cauſe, or vpon any occaſion, neither any of them ſhall giue Aſſiſtance or Conſent vnto any Warre, Counſell, Attempt, or Treaties, had, made, or to be made

in the preiudice of either or against the other.

IV.

ITem, *That neither of the former parties, shall themselues giue or shall consent to be giuen by any of their Vassals, Subiects, or Inhabitants, Aide, Fauour, or Counsell, directly or indirectly, on Land, Sea, or Fresh Waters: Nor shall supply and minister, nor consent to be supplyed and ministred, by their said Vassals, Inhabitants and Subiects, vnto the Enemies or Rebels of either part, of what nature or condition soeuer they be, Whether they shall in-*

uade the Countries and Dominions of either of them, Or withdraw themselues from their Obedience and Subiection, any Souldiours, prouision of Victuals, Monies, instruments of Warre, Munitions, or whatsoeuer other aide else to maintaine Warre.

V.

AND furthermore, the foresaid Kings shall renounce, as by the Tenour of these Presents euery of them hath and doth renounce, Whatsoeuer League, Confederation, Capitulation and Intelligence, made by what manner soeuer, in the preiudice of the

One or the Other, which doth or may repugne againſt this Peace, or Concord, and all and ſingular the Contents thereof: All which and euery of them, ſo farre as they doe concerne the effect aforeſaid, they ſhall annull and make void, and declare to be of no force or moment.

VI.

ITem, It is agreed and accorded, that the ſaid moſt renowned Kings ſhall take care, that their Subiects ſhall from henceforth abſtaine from all force and wrong doing, And that they likewiſe ſhall reuoke all Commiſſions.

and Letters of Repriſall and Mart, or otherwiſe containing Licence to take Prizes, of what condition or kinde ſoeuer they are, being to the preiudice of the one or other of the ſaid Kings, or of their Subiects, whether the ſame haue beene giuen or granted by them vnto Subiects or Inhabitants, or vnto Strangers, and ſhall declare the ſame to be void & of no force, as by this Treatie or Peace they are declared ſo to be; And whoſoeuer ſhall doe any thing to the contrarie, he ſhall be puniſhed not onely criminally according to the merit of his Offence, but ſhall alſo be compelled to make Reſtitution

and

and Satisfaction for the losses to the parties damnified, requiring the same.

VII.

ITem, *It is agreed and accorded, that betweene the most renowned King of* Great Britaine &c. *and the most renowned King of* Spaine &c. *and euery of their Vassals, Inhabitants and Subiects, as well by Land as Sea and Fresh Waters, in all and singular their Kingdomes, Dominions, Islands, and other Lands, Cities, Townes, Villages, Hauens and Streights of the said Kingdomes and Dominions, there be or may be free Com-*

merce: In which before the warre betweene Philip the second King of Spaine, and Elizabeth Queene of England, there hath beene Commerce betwixt the said Kingdomes, according as it was agreed on in the Treatie of peace made in the yeere a thousand six hundred and foure, in the ninth Article, like and according to the vse and obseruance of the ancient Leagues and Treaties made before the said time, in such sort and manner, as that without any safe conduct or other licence generall or speciall, the Subiects of the One or other King, may freely, as well by Land as by Sea and fresh waters, goe, enter, and saile,

saile, in and to the said Kingdomes and Dominions, and all the Cities, Hauens, Shores, Sea-rodes and Streights thereof, and put themselues into whatsoeuer Hauens of the same, Where before the aboue said time, there hath beene a mutuall Commerce, and like and according to the vse and obseruance of the ancient Leagues, and Treaties aforesaid, with Carriages, Horses, Burdens, Ships as well laden, as to bee laden, to bring in Merchandises, and there to buy or sell as much as they will, and in the same places vpon iust prices to procure and haue prouision of Victuals for their Sustenance and Voyages;

And

and Letters of Repriſſall and Mart, or otherwiſe containing Licence to take Prizes, of what condition or kinde ſoeuer they are, being to the preiudice of the one or other of the ſaid Kings, or of their Subiects, whether the ſame haue beene giuen or granted by them vnto Subiects or Inhabitants, or vnto Strangers, and ſhall declare the ſame to be void & of no force, as by this Treatie or Peace they are declared ſo to be; And whoſoeuer ſhall doe any thing to the contrarie, he ſhall be puniſhed not onely criminally according to the merit of his Offence, but ſhall alſo be compelled to make Reſtitution

and

and Satisfaction for the losses to the parties damnified, requiring the same.

VII.

ITem, *It is agreed and accorded, that betweene the most renowned King of* Great Britaine &c. *and the most renowned King of* Spaine &c. *and euery of their Vassals, Inhabitants and Subiects, as well by Land as Sea and Fresh Waters, in all and singular their Kingdomes, Dominions, Islands, and other Lands, Cities, Townes, Villages, Hauens and Streights of the said Kingdomes and Dominions, there be or may be free Com-*

merce. In which before the warre betweene Philip the second King of Spaine, and Elizabeth Queene of England, there hath beene Commerce betwixt the said Kingdomes, according as it was agreed on in the Treatie of peace made in the yeere a thousand sixe hundred and foure, in the ninth Article, like and according to the vse and obseruance of the ancient Leagues and Treaties made before the said time, in such sort and manner, as that without any safe conduct or other licence generall or speciall, the Subiects of the One or other King, may freely, as well by Land as by Sea and fresh waters, goe, enter, and saile,

ſaile, in and to the ſaid Kingdomes and Dominions, and all the Cities, Hauens, Shores, Sea-rodes and Streights thereof, and put themſelues into whatſoeuer Hauens of the ſame, Where before the aboue ſaid time, there hath beene a mutuall Commerce, and like and according to the vſe and obſeruance of the ancient Leagues, and Treaties aforeſaid, with Carriages, Horſes, Burdens, Ships as well laden, as to bee laden, to bring in Merchandiſes, and there to buy or ſell as much as they will, and in the ſame places vpon iuſt prices to procure and haue prouiſion of Victuals for their Suſtenance and Voyages;

And

And likewiſe as occaſion ſhall require, to repayre ſuch ſhipping and carriages, as either appertaine vnto them in propertie, or elſe they haue hired or borrowed, and from thence alſo with their Merchandiſes, Goods, and other Commodities whatſoeuer, the Cuſtomes and Tolles, as they are preſently rated according to the Ordinances of the places, being paid, they may with like freedome depart and goe to their owne Countries, or any other places at their pleaſure, without let or impediment.

VIII.

ITem, It is likewiſe agreed and accorded, that it may be lawfull to haue acceſſe vnto the Ports of the ſaid Kings, and there to make ſtay, and from thence with the ſame liberty to depart, not onely with their Shippes of Merchandiſes and burthen, but alſo with other ſhipping furniſhed for warre, and prepared to withſtand the force of enemies: Whether they ſhall arriue there either by force of tempeſt, or for repairing their ſhips, or for prouiſion of victualls, ſo as they exceede not the number of ſixe or eight ſhips, when they come in of their owne ac-

cord, nor that they continue nor make ſtay in the hauens, or about the Ports longer then they ſhall haue iuſt cauſe for the repaire of the ſame ſhipping, or for prouiſion of other neceſſaries, leſt they ſhould be any occaſion of interruption vnto the free Commerce and Entercourſe of other friends and Nations in Amitie: And whenſoeuer any greater number of Ships of war then is before ſpecified, ſhall haue occaſion of acceſſe into thoſe Ports, then ſhall it not bee lawfull for them to make any entrance without the priuitie and conſent of the King. Prouided alſo that they doe no hoſtile Acte within the ſaid

Ports,

Ports, to the preiudice of the Kings; but demeane themſelues there quietly, as Friends and Confederates, with ſpeciall caution euer to bee had, that vnder the colour and pretext of Commerce, no warlike ayde, prouiſion of victualls, or of Armes, or of Munition, or other ſuch like materials for the warres bee carried by the Subiects, Vaſſals, or inhabitants of thoſe Kingdomes, to the commoditie or benefit of the enemies of the one or other King. And whoſoeuer ſhall attempt to the contrary, ſhall be puniſhed with thoſe ſharpe paines and puniſhments, vſed to be inflicted vpon ſeditious perſons and breakers

of faith and peace. Prouided also, that the Subiects of the one in the Dominions and Territories of the other, be not worse handled, then the naturall Subiects in their sales and contracts for their Merchandises, as well in respect of the prices, as otherwise, but that the condition of forreiners bee equall and like herein vnto naturall Subiects. Notwithstanding any Statutes or Customes to the contrary.

IX.

ITem, It is agreed and accorded, that the said most renowned King of Great Britaine, &c. *shall prohibite, and after the confirming*

of

of theſe preſent Articles, by Proclamation foorthwith prouide, that no one of his ſubiects, inhabitants, or vaſſalls, ſhall Lade, or carry ouer by any meanes, directly, or indirectly, in his owne name, or in the name of any others; neither ſhall lend his Ship or other Veſſell for carriage, or vſe his name for the tranſporting or conueying of any Ships, Merchandiſes, Manufactures, or any other thing, out of Holland *and* Zeland *into* Spaine, *or other the Kingdomes and Dominions of the King of* Spaine; *neither ſhall carry in his Ships any* Holland *or* Zeland *Merchant vnto the ſaid Ports, vpon perill of his Maieſties in-*

dignation, and other puniſhments vſually inflicted on the contemners of Royall Commandements. And to the effect, that fraude, which through the likeneſſe of Merchandize might happen, be the better auoided; It is alſo prouided in this preſent Article, that the Merchandizes to bee carried and conueyed out of England, Scotland, *and* Ireland, *to the Kingdomes and Dominions of the King of* Spaine, *ſhall be regiſtred, and ſealed with the Seale of the Towne or Citie from whence they ſhall bee Laden, and that they being ſo regiſtred and ſealed, ſhall without any difficultie or queſtion whatſoeuer,*

bee

bee reputed and held for Engliſh, Scottiſh, and Friſh Merchandizes, and ſo reſpectiuely, according to the Seale or marke, bee allowed and admitted. Alwayes excepted, that in caſe of fraud, proofe ſhall be admitted, without ſtay notwithſtanding or let of the courſe or venting of the Merchandizes in the meane time. And touching ſuch Merchandizes, as ſhall not bee regiſtred nor ſealed, the ſame are to bee confiſcated and taken for good Prize. And likewiſe all Hollanders and Zelanders, which ſhall be found in the ſame Ships, may alſo be taken and detained.

Item,

X.

ITem, It is alſo agreed, that Engliſh, Scottiſh, and Friſh Merchandiſes may freely bee conueyed and tranſported out of the ſaid Kingdomes, into Spaine, and other Dominions of the ſaid moſt renowned King, paying only the Cuſtomes and Tolles vſually required.

XI.

ITem, It is likewiſe agreed, that for the Merchandiſes, which Engliſh, Scottiſh, and Iriſh Merchants ſhall buy in Spaine, or other the Kingdomes of the ſaid King of Spaine, and ſhall carry in their owne

owne Ships, or in Ships hired or lent vnto them (except, as before hath beene ſaid, the Ships of Hollanders and Zelanders) no new Cuſtomes or Tolle ſhall be encreaſed: yet ſo as they conuey and carry the ſame goods and Merchandiſes to the Kingdomes of the ſaid moſt renowned King of Great Britaine, &c. Or to the Ports of the Prouinces being in obedience to the King of Spaine. And for the more ſurety that fraud be not committed heerein, and that the ſaid Merchandiſes bee not tranſported to other places and Kingdomes, and eſpecially into Holland or Zeland, It is concluded, that the ſaid Merchants ſhall

binde themſelues, at the time that they doe lade their Ships in Spaine, *or in the other Kingdomes and Dominions of the ſaid King of* Spaine *aboue declared, before the Magiſtrate of the place in which they ſhall Lade, to pay the Impoſition of thirty in the hundred, in caſe they carry the ſame goods and Merchandiſes to other Dominions and Countreys: And to obtaine alſo within the ſpace of twelue moneths following, a Certificate from the Magiſtrates of the places where they ſhall diſcharge or vnlade the ſame goods, teſtifying their diſcharge to haue beene either in the Kingdomes and Dominions of the*

King

King of Great Britaine, &c. *or in the Ports of the Prouinces vnder the obedience of the ſaid King of* Spaine: *Vpon the exhibiting whereof, the Obligations concerning thoſe matters ſhall be deliuered vp, vnto the bringers of the ſame Certificates.*

XII.

AND *alſo that the ſaid moſt renowned King of* Great Britaine, &c. *ſhall prohibite ſoone after the confirming of this accord, that none ſhall export any Merchandiſes out of* Spaine, *or other Kingdoms of the King of* Spaine, *to be carried to other places, then to*

His Maieſties Kingdomes, and the ſaid Ports of the Prouinces in obedience, vpon penaltie of confiſcation of all their Merchandiſes to the vſe of the ſaid King of Great Britaine, &c *to be paid into His Maieſties Exchequer: Of which Merchandiſes, or the value thereof, one halfe is to be giuen to the Informer, the impoſition of thirty in the hundred being firſt deducted, to be paid to the Miniſters and Deputies of the King of* Spaine, *& the prooſes lawfully receiued in* Spaine, *and tranſmitted into* England *in authenticall forme, are to bee credited. And it is alſo declared, that the ſaid probibition of goods to bee*

carried

carried out of Spaine, *vnto other places, then the Kingdomes of* Britaine, *and the obedient Prouinces of* Flanders, *doeth no way comprehend thoſe Kingdomes and Dominions which enioy a free trade with the Kingdome of* Spaine: *For the Subiects of His Maieſtie of* Great Britaine, *may lawfully tranſport the goods of the Kingdomes of* Spaine, *vnto thoſe that haue a mutuall trade with* Spaine; *the aforementioned Cautions, Conditions, and Penalties rehearſed in the precedent Articles againſt the offenders, remaining ſtill in force and ſtrength.*

XIII.

ITem, That the Magistrates of the said Townes, or Cities of his Maiesties Kingdomes, which shall make Certificates of the vnlading of Ships, and are to giue testimonie of the Registring of the Merchandises, shall not commit any fraud therein, vnder perill of indignation of the Kings Maiestie, and paine of losse of their offices, and other more grieuous punishments at the Kings pleasure.

XIV.

THat which hath before beene expressed concerning the free Com-

Commerce, granted vnto the Subiects of the ſaid moſt Renowned Kings, is to bee vnderſtood to bee likewiſe, and in the ſame manner agreed on for the Subiects of the moſt Renowned King of Great Britaine, &c. *and of the obedient Prouinces of* Flanders; *To wit, that in all places whatſoeuer, their Subiects are bound reciprocally, to reſpect, and to fauour each other; and by mutuall kind offices, friendly to entertaine the one the other, and that by Land, Sea, and Freſh-waters, without any ſafe conduct or other licence, generall or ſpeciall, they may vnto the ſaid Kingdomes, Dominions, Lands, Villages,*

Townes,

Townes, Cities, Sea-shores, Hauens, Sea-rodes whatsoeuer, freely, safely, securely, come, enter, saile, carry, and recarry their Merchandises, buy and sell, remaine, abide and conuerse in the same so long as it shall please them; take vp any kind of prouision for victuall, and things necessary for sustenance, and for Voyages, at iust and reasonable prices; and there repaire also (as occasion shall require) their Shipping and carriages, whether the same be their owne, or whether they bee hired, or borrowed: As also to depart from thence with like libertie, with Merchandises, Goods, and other things whatsoeuer, (the

Customes

Cuſtomes and Tolles, according to the Statutes of thoſe places being payd) and to diſpoſe, and follow their buſineſſes freely, and to return at their owne pleaſure, either into their owne Countreys, or to any other place, without any impediment or let, ſo as the Subiects of the moſt Renowned King of Great Britaine, &c. vſe not the Shipping of the Hollanders, or the vnited Prouinces, and bring not into the obedient Prouinces any of the Manufactures of Holland, *or of the vnited Prouinces, bought whereſoeuer; neither any other thing, for which there was paid in* Holland *any Tribute, nor that they tranſport*

any thing from the obedient Prouinces, vnto them of those Prouinces, vntill a pacification bee confirmed: nor that they receiue any the Goods of Hollanders, or of those other places vnited, into their Ships, nor truſt any of their owne Goods in the Shippes of Hollanders, nor fraudulētly by lending their names, colour the Goods of any Hollander, or other of the vnited Prouinces: For that if any thing be committed to the contrary, and the ſame be found, it ſhall bee held for iuſt and lawfull Prize.

XV.

XV.

AND the aforeſaid prouiſoes are not onely to be vnderſtood of Ships laden, or to bee laden, in cauſe of Commerce, but alſo of Ships of Warre, which the ſaid Kings haue, or ſhall haue armed to repreſſe the attemps of their enemies: Inſomuch as that it may bee lawfull for ſuch Ships of Warre, not exceeding the number before mentioned, if they happen to be conſtrained, either by force of tempeſt, or for buying of victuals, or other things, or for repaire of Shipping, to vſe the ſame liberty in arriuing, ſtaying, and departing; ſo that they

doe no hoſtile act in the ſaid Ports, but demeane themſelues honeſtly, and quietly, as it becommeth confederates and friends: And ſo that they ſtay and remaine not in, or about the ſame Ports, any longer then ſhall bee needfull for reparation and prouiſion of neceſſaries, that thereby they bee not a hinderance, or interruption to the free Commerce and Entercourſe with other Nations, that are in Amitie and Friendſhip: But where occaſion ſhall fall out of arriuall of any greater number of Shipping then before ſpecified, it ſhall not be lawfull for them to enter, but with the knowledge and allowance of the King.

XVI.

XVI.

AND as the ſaid Kings doe religiouſly promiſe, that they will not at any time yeeld any warlike ſuccour to any of the others enemies, So it is prouided, that their Subiects, or the inhabitants in their Realmes, of what nation or qualitie ſoeuer they bee, may not vnder colour of Entercourſe and Commerce, nor vpon any other colour or pretence giue any aide or helpe to the enemies of the ſaid Kings, or of either of them, or conferre or ſupply them with money, prouiſions of victualls for Warre, Armour, Munition, Ordinance, Artillery,

or other warlike prouiſion, and thoſe which ſhall doe the contrary, are to take knowledge, that they ſhall bee puniſhed with the ſeuere puniſhments accuſtomed to bee inflicted vpon breakers of League, and ſeditious perſons.

XVII.

AND that alſo greater benefit may through this Concord come vnto the Subiects of the moſt renowned King of Great Britaine, *and of the moſt renowned King of* Spaine, *in their obedient Prouinces, It is accorded and concluded that the ſaid moſt renowned Kings ioyntly and ſeuerally will doe their*

their endeauours, that their Subiects haue not the paſſages ſtopped or letted vnto any of their Ports, Kingdomes and Dominions, that thereby they be not hindered, freely and without impediment to come and goe with their Shipping, Merchandiſe and Carriages (the ordinary Cuſtomes and Tolles being paid) to all the ſaid Ports, Kingdomes, and Dominions: And with the like liberty (when it ſhall ſeeme ſo good vnto them) with other Merchandiſes from hence to depart.

XVIII

XVIII.

BVt as concerning the ancient Treatises of Entercourse and Commerce, whereof diuers are extant, betwixt the Kingdomes of England, Scotland *and* Ireland, *and the Dominions of the Dukes of* Burgundy *and Princes of the* Low-Countreys, *which notwithstanding during the late troubles haue beene intermitted, and peradventure in some parts impaired; It is agreed by way of prouison, That they shall retaine and haue their ancient Force and Authoritie; And that they shall bee vsed on both parts as they were before the Warre betweene*

betweene Elizabeth *Queene of* England, *and* Philip *the ſecond, according as it was agreed on in the Treatie of Peace made in the yeere a thouſand, ſixe hundred & foure, in the two and twentieth Article. And if it happen that either by both parts, or any one part, any breach thereof be alledged, or that the Subiects ſhall complaine, that the Contentions are not obſerued, or that more grieuous burdens then were accuſtomed, are impoſed on them, there ſhall be Deputies appointed on either part, which may meete, and calling vnto them (if neede be) Merchants experienced in ſuch matters, may friendly*

Treate, and equally renew and reſtore ſuch things, as ſhall be found either to haue ſlipped out of courſe, or to haue beene changed by the iniurie of time, or by corrupt cuſtome and vſe.

XIX.

AND for that the rights of Commerce which doe enſue by Peace, ought not to be made vnfruitfull, as they would bee, if the Subiects of the moſt renowned King of Great Britaine, &c. *whilest they haue recourſe to and from the Kingdomes and Dominions of the ſaid King of* Spaine, *and doe remaine there for Commerce, ſhould*

be

be moleſted in the cauſe of Conſcience: Therefore to the intent their Trafficke may bee ſafe and without danger, as well on Land as on Sea, the ſaid moſt renowned King of Spaine *ſhall take care, and prouide, that for the ſaid cauſe of Conſcience they ſhall not bee moleſted nor inquieted in vſing their Trade and Commerce, ſo as they giue not ſcandall vnto others.*

XX.

ITem; *that if it happen any Goods or Merchandizes prohibited to bee carried or conueyed out of the Kingdomes and Dominions of the ſaid moſt renowned*

Kings, by the Subiects of the One or of the Other; That in such case, the person onely offending shall incurre punishment, and the Goods onely prohibited shall bee Confiscated.

XXI.

ITem, *that the Goods of the Subiects, dying within the Kingdomes or Dominions of either, shall be conserued to the right heires and successors of the deceased; the right of a third person alwayes reserued.*

XXII.

ITem, *That the Graunts and Priuiledges giuen by the*

Kings

Kings to Merchants of either of the Kingdomes, comming to their ſaid Kingdomes, and which Priuiledges through the Warres haue ceaſed, ſhall from henceforth wholly bee reuiued, and haue their full force and ſtrength.

XXIII.

ITem, *If it ſhall happen hereafter (which God forbid!) that any diſpleaſure doe ariſe, betwixt the ſaid Moſt renowned Kings, the King of* Great Britaine, *and the King of* Spaine, *whereby danger might grow of the interruption of Entercourſe and Commerce, then the Subiects of either King are*

thereof ſo to bee admoniſhed, as that they may haue ſixe moneths from the time of the monition to tranſport their Merchandizes without any Arreſt, Diſturbance or Hurt in the meane ſeaſon, to be done or giuen vnto them, either in their perſons or Merchandizes.

XXIV.

ITem, *That none of the foreſaid Kings ſhal imbarge or ſtay for their prouiſion in Warre, or for any other ſeruice, to the preiudice of the owners, the Ships of the Subiects of any of the others, being in their Ports, or Waters, vnleſſe the King of thoſe parties to whom the*

Ship

Ships doe appertaine ſhall firſt be admoniſhed thereof, and ſhall alſo yeeld his conſent thereunto.

XXV.

ITem, *It is accorded, that if during this Peace and Amity, any thing happen to be attempted, committed or done againſt the force and effect thereof by Land, Sea or Freſh Waters, either by any of the ſaid Kings, their Heires, and Succeſſors, their Vaſſals, Subiects or Allies comprehended in this League, Or of any the Heires or Succeſſors, of thoſe Allies, their Subiects or Vaſſals; Yet notwithſtanding this Peace and Amitie ſhall remaine in*

ſtrength

ſtrength and vertue, and the attempters and ſuch as doe offend therein onely, and no other, ſhall be puniſhed for their attempts.

XXVI.

ITem, *That ſuch as haue beene taken in Warre, and are Captiues on either part, although they bee condemned to the Gallies, ſhall be releaſed and diſmiſſed, the charges of the diet of ſuch as are not in the Gallies being firſt diſcharged, and the ranſomes of ſuch as haue before agreed for the ſame, being by them payed.*

XXVII.

XXVII.

ITem, It is concluded, that all ciuill actions, which at the time when the last warres began, were of Validitie and of Force, may yet bee exercised and pursued, notwithstanding any lapse of time during the same Warre, so as no preiudice shall bee vnderstood to haue growen vnto them, during the continuance of the Warre, those onely excepted, which are already come to the Exchequer or Princes Treasurie.

XXVIII.

ITem, *If any controuerſie happen to bee mooued in the Kingdomes and Dominions, of the One or other of theſe Kings, by any perſon not being ſubiect to the ſame King, for or vpon occaſion of any depredations or ſpoiles committed: The cauſe is to bee remitted to the Iudge of the Iuriſdiction vnder that King, againſt whoſe Subiect or Subiects the ſuite is commenced.*

XXIX.

ITem, *That if the* Hollanders, *and other Confederate States, will propoſe conditions of pacification*

tion with the moſt renowned King of Spaine *and his Succeſſors through the meanes of the moſt renowned King of* Great Britaine: *The ſaid moſt renowned King of* Spaine *and his Succeſſors, will alwayes willingly hearken vnto that which ſhall bee propoſed iuſt and reaſonable therein; And will deſire that by the helpe of the ſaid moſt renowned King of* Great Britaine, *they may bee brought to propoſe equall conditions, wherein they ſhall well vnderſtand, how much the ſaid King of* Spaine *doth attribute vnto the authority of the ſaid King of* Great Britaine, *his louing brother.*

XXX.

ITem, *It is concluded and accorded, That in this present Treatie of Peace, there bee comprehended, the Aaherents, Friends, and Confederates of the forenamed Kings:*

That is to say; *On the part of the most renowned King of* Great Britaine, &c.

Ferdinand, Roman Emperour, with the Arch-Dukes of Austria, and the Electors of the Empire, together with the States and Cities of the Empire.

The Duke of Lorraine.

The Duke of Sauoy.

The Dukes of Brunſwick, Lunenburg, Meckelburg, Wirtemberg.

The Landgraue of Heſſen.

The Marquis of Baden.

The Dukes of Pomerania.

The Prince of Anhalt.

The Earle of East-Friesland.

Articles of

The Cantons of Heluetia, and the Grisons.

The Hauns Cities.

The French King.

The Kings of Denmarke, and of Poland, and of Swedland.

The Duke and State of Venice.

The Duke of Holstein, and the Duke of Florence.

On

the Treatie.

On the part of the moſt renowned King of Spaine.

Ferdinand, Roman Emperour, and his brethren, and other Princes, Arch-Dukes of Auſtria, Princes of the Empire.

The Electors, Cities, and States, ſubiect to the Empire.

The French King.

The King of Poland and Swedland.

The King of Denmarke.

The

Articles of

The Duke and State of Venice.

The Duke of Sauoy.

The Duke of Baueere.

The Duke of Cleue.

The Duke of Holstein.

The Duke of Lorraine.

The Duke of Parma and Placentia.

The Bishop and Prouince of Liege.

The

The Duke of Florence.

The Duke of Mutine and Regium.

The Duke of Vrbine.

The Confederates and Cantons of the Heluetians and Grisons.

The Cities of the Haunse.

The Earle of East-Friesland (without notwithstanding any preiudice of the right by the King of Spaine and Arch-Dukes, pretended for their States.)

Articles of

The Duke and Common-wealth of Genua.

The Principall of the houſe of Columna.

The Prince of Oria.

The Principall of the houſe of Vrſine.

The Duke of Sermoneta.

The Lord of Monacho.

The Earle of Mirandula.

The Prince of Maſsia.

The

The Earle of Sala, and the Earle of Colorno.

XXXI.

ITem, *It is likewise accorded and concluded, that the said most renowned Kings*, Charles *by the grace of God, King of* Great Britaine, France, *and* Ireland, &c. *and* Philip *King of* Spaine, &c. *shall sincerely, and faithfully obserue and keepe, and procure to bee obserued and kept by their Subiects and Inhabitants, all and singular the capitulations in this present Treatie accorded and concluded: Neither shall they directly, or in-*

directly infringe the ſame, or conſent that the ſame ſhall be infringed directly, or indirectly by any of their Subiects or Inhabitants: And they ſhall ratifie, authoriſe, and confirme all and ſingular the Conventions before accorded, and concluded by Letters Patents, ſubſcribed with their owne hands, and ſealed with their great Seales, in ſufficient, aueileable, and effectuall forme, and the ſame ſo formed and made, ſhall vpon the firſt occaſion deliuer, or cauſe to bee deliuered faithfully, really, and effectually, whereby they may mutually binde themſelues in the Word of a King, and by Oathes to be ſolemnely taken

vpon the holy Euangelists, to obserue and performe all and singular the premisses, whensoeuer they shall be by either part thereunto required. And furthermore they shall cause this present Treaty of Peace to bee published in the manner and places accustomed, so soone as conueniently the same may be.

¶ Imprinted at London
by ROBERT BARKER,
Printer to the KINGS moſt
Excellent MAIESTIE:
and by the Aſſignes of
IOHN BILL.

M. DC. XXX.